

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture
Trade name : BreakThrough
Product code : 0429

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Recommended use : Floor strip products

1.3. Supplier

Synthetic Labs
24 Victory Lane
Dracut, MA 01826 - United States
T 800.255.4050 - F 978.957.5122
www.syntecpro.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Infotrac 24 Hour Medical Emergency Number: 1-800-535-5053

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS US classification

Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4	Harmful if swallowed
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1	Causes serious eye damage

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :



Signal word (GHS US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) : Harmful if swallowed
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
Causes serious eye damage

Precautionary statements (GHS US) :

- Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
- Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- Wear eye protection, protective gloves.
- If swallowed: Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.
- If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
- If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
- If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
- IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
- Immediately call a poison center or doctor.
- Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label).
- Rinse mouth.
- Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
- Store locked up.
- Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

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2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether	(CAS-No.) 111-76-2	15 – 20	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319
Monoethanolamine	(CAS-No.) 141-43-5	10 – 15	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318
Benzyl Alcohol	(CAS-No.) 100-51-6	5 – 10	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

- First-aid measures general : Call a physician immediately.
- First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
- First-aid measures after skin contact : Rinse skin with water/shower. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Call a physician immediately.
- First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician immediately.
- First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

- Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Burns.
- Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Serious damage to eyes.
- Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Burns.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon dioxide.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

- Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Toxic fumes may be released.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

- Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

- Emergency procedures : Ventilate spillage area. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

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6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Take up liquid spill into absorbent material.
Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Wear personal protective equipment.
Hygiene measures : Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

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No additional information available	
Monoethanolamine (141-43-5)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Ethanolamine
ACGIH TWA (ppm)	3 ppm
ACGIH STEL (ppm)	6 ppm
Remark (ACGIH)	Eye & skin irr
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits	
Local name	Ethanolamine
OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	6 mg/m³
OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	3 ppm
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (111-76-2)	
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits	
ACGIH TWA (ppm)	20 ppm
Benzyl Alcohol (100-51-6)	
No additional information available	

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station.
Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Hand protection:

Protective gloves

Eye protection:

Safety glasses

Skin and body protection:

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Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection:

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	: Liquid
Appearance	: Liquid.
Color	: red
Odor	: Fruity
Odor threshold	: No data available
pH	: 13
pH solution	: 13 – 14
Melting point	: Not applicable
Freezing point	: 25 °F
Boiling point	: No data available
Flash point	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable.
Vapor pressure	: No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative density	: No data available
Specific gravity / density	: 1.04 g/m³
Solubility	: Soluble in water.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	: No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosion limits	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidizing properties	: No data available

9.2. Other information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

None under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

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10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Harmful if swallowed.
 Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
 Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

ATE US (oral)	500 mg/kg body weight
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Monoethanolamine (141-43-5)	
LD50 oral rat	1515 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 401, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral, 7 day(s))
LD50 dermal rabbit	2504 – 2881 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, 24 week(s), Rabbit, Male / female, Experimental value, Dermal)

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (111-76-2)	
LD50 oral rat	1746 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 401, Rat, Male, Experimental value, Oral)
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight (OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Dermal, 14 day(s))
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	450 ppm (Equivalent or similar to OECD 403, 4 h, Rat, Female, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours))

Benzyl Alcohol (100-51-6)	
LD50 oral rat	1620 mg/kg bw/day (Rat, Male, Experimental value, Oral)
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg (Rabbit, Inconclusive, insufficient data, Dermal)
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	> 4.178 mg/l air (OECD 403: Acute Inhalation Toxicity, 4 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Inhalation (aerosol))

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes severe skin burns.
 pH: 13

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye damage.
 pH: 13

Respiratory or skin sensitization : Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

Carcinogenicity : Not classified

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure : Not classified

Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure : Not classified

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Burns.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Serious damage to eyes.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Burns.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : Before neutralisation, the product may represent a danger to aquatic organisms.

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Monoethanolamine (141-43-5)	
LC50 fish 1	349 mg/l (EU Method C.1, 96 h, Cyprinus carpio, Semi-static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)
EC50 Daphnia 1	65 mg/l (EU Method C.2, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (111-76-2)	
LC50 fish 1	1474 mg/l (OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test, 96 h, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)
EC50 Daphnia 1	1550 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)
Benzyl Alcohol (100-51-6)	
LC50 fish 1	460 mg/l (EPA OPP 72-1, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)
EC50 Daphnia 1	230 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)
ErC50 (algae)	770 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Monoethanolamine (141-43-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.8 g O ₂ /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.34 g O ₂ /g substance
ThOD	2.49 g O ₂ /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.32
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (111-76-2)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.
Benzyl Alcohol (100-51-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.6 g O ₂ /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.4 g O ₂ /g substance
ThOD	2.5 g O ₂ /g substance

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Monoethanolamine (141-43-5)	
BCF other aquatic organisms 1	2.3 – 9.2 (BCFWIN, Calculated value)
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-2.3 (Experimental value, OECD 107: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): Shake Flask Method, 25 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (111-76-2)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.81 (Test data, 20 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).
Benzyl Alcohol (100-51-6)	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	1 – 1.1 (Experimental value, 20 °C)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).

12.4. Mobility in soil

Monoethanolamine (141-43-5)	
Surface tension	No data available in the literature
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Koc)	1.16 (log Koc, Calculated value)
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (111-76-2)	
Surface tension	65.03 mN/m (20 °C, 2 g/l)
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil.
Benzyl Alcohol (100-51-6)	
Surface tension	39 mN/m (20 °C)

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Benzyl Alcohol (100-51-6)

Ecology - soil

No (test)data on mobility of the substance available.

12.5. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN1760 Corrosive liquids, n.o.s. (Monoethanolamine), 8, II

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1760

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Corrosive liquids, n.o.s.
Monoethanolamine

Class (DOT) : 8 - Class 8 - Corrosive material 49 CFR 173.136

Packing group (DOT) : II - Medium Danger

Hazard labels (DOT) : 8 - Corrosive



DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 202

DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 242

DOT Symbols : G - Identifies PSN requiring a technical name

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : B2 - MC 300, MC 301, MC 302, MC 303, MC 305, and MC 306 and DOT 406 cargo tanks are not authorized.
IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.
T11 - 6 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(3)

TP2 - a. The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: (image) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling, and a is the mean coefficient of cubical expansion of the liquid between the mean temperature of the liquid during filling (tf) and the maximum mean bulk temperature during transportation (tr) both in degrees celsius. b. For liquids transported under ambient conditions may be calculated using the formula: (image) Where: d15 and d50 are the densities (in units of mass per unit volume) of the liquid at 15 C (59 F) and 50 C (122 F), respectively.

TP27 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 4 bar (400 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 4 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous material, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 154

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27) : 1 L

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75) : 30 L

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded.

DOT Vessel Stowage Other : 40 - Stow "clear of living quarters"

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 154

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Other information : No supplementary information available.

Transportation of Dangerous Goods

Not applicable

Transport by sea

Transport document description (IMDG) : UN 1760 CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S., 8, II
UN-No. (IMDG) : 1760
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.
Class (IMDG) : 8 - Corrosive substances
Packing group (IMDG) : II - substances presenting medium danger

Air transport

Transport document description (IATA) : UN 1760 Corrosive liquid, n.o.s., 8, II
UN-No. (IATA) : 1760
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Corrosive liquid, n.o.s.
Class (IATA) : 8 - Corrosives
Packing group (IATA) : II - Medium Danger

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Monoethanolamine (141-43-5)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (111-76-2)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Benzyl Alcohol (100-51-6)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Monoethanolamine (141-43-5)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether (111-76-2)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

Benzyl Alcohol (100-51-6)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

National regulations

No additional information available

15.3. US State regulations

Component	State or local regulations
Monoethanolamine(141-43-5)	U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether(111-76-2)	U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16: Other information

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Hazard Rating	
Health	: 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is given
Flammability	: 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that will not burn
Physical	: 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that are normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will NOT react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-Explosives.

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.